

# THE CITIZEN.

Price per Year, \$5; Six Months, \$3

TUCSON, ARIZONA

Saturday, - July 12, 1873.

## Territorial Treasurership.

On the 9th instant, L. M. Jacobs resigned the office of Territorial Treasurer, and Governor Safford appointed Pinckney R. Tully to fill the vacancy. Upon taking his seat in the Legislature, John B. Allen resigned the office and on January 6, B. M. Jacobs was appointed and continued in office up to March 4, when L. M. Jacobs succeeded him until the 9th instant. During the time the Jacobs brothers held the office, it was unexceptionably managed. The books were not only kept with admirable neatness but so as to unmistakably show each receipt and payment. In turning over the books and papers to Mr. Tully, the latter found all in splendid condition as well as every penny of the Territory's cash on hand. The Territory could not have been better served in this capacity than it has been by B. M. and L. M. Jacobs. All who know Mr. Tully, need no assurance from us that he will conduct the office correctly and as nearly to the satisfaction of the whole public as any man can accomplish such a task.

CONGRESSMAN LUTTRELL, of California, has explained the cause of the Modoc trouble—to his own notion, we suppose. He charges that "the war was caused by bad white men," and this, too, months after the Interior Department assigned a very different cause. Luttrell is a young Congressman and of course must parade himself before the public in some way, and he probably thinks it bold, able, and perhaps new and even Christian, to charge his own race with inexcusable barbarity. If Luttrell's constituents would watch his public acts with care, the labor and time required might not be wasted. He's evidently a very good man; but if he ever rides a horse of ours, we'll try and keep hold of the rope.

We are informed that a man was hung at Salt river on July 3. He was supposed to have killed B. F. Griffin last February. About the time he suspended business in the valley, he stole a cow and otherwise deported himself against the statutes of this Territory in such a way that it was believed none but lynch-law would ever be meted to him. So they gave him a full dose of that. It's a bad way to hang a man without legal process, but when legal process will not hang men who deserve to be, citizens sometimes lose their patience or get to laboring under fits of "emotional insanity" and string up a culprit or two. If statute law is not enforced, some other kind will be sooner or later.

THURSDAY morning a courier came to Lowell with an order for a company of cavalry to join in a scout under way by Major Brown, who is reported as having struck the trail of some Apaches going south towards San Pedro, and before evening Captain Hamilton and company were enroute to the Cienega, accompanied by Lt. Poillon and Dr. Callender. It is reported that one company is moving south from San Carlos and one west from Grant. The three companies are moving towards each other expecting to find the Apaches and compel a fight or complete surrender.

MAJOR LARABEE this week officially indorsed the application for a reduction of the San Carlos division of the White Mountain Indian reservation, so as to exclude the Gila Valley above old Camp Goodwin. As soon as this indorsement reaches Washington, the reduction will be made.

THE CITIZEN some weeks ago referred to the Arivaca ranch as being in Sonora, whereas its location is in Arizona several miles this side of the national boundary.

YOUNG Walworth, who recently killed his father in New York, has been convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

## A MATTER OF OPINION.

Mr. George Grubb, after a residence of many years in Arizona, comes to Santa Fe with the most discouraging reports of "chances for poor men." The mines are rich enough but water is scarce and the Indians are bad. He thinks New Mexico and especially this city, lets out anything he has seen in the west.

The above is clipped from the New Mexican (Santa Fe), of June 27. It is not a surprising nor uncommon sort of item. Men often leave a place "with the most discouraging reports," and very soon thereafter either go back to it or weep and beg to do so. We know of some of this kind who fared well in Arizona and want some more of the fare; but George Grubb may not be one of them. It is the misfortune of many people not to know a prosperous locality from any other. Some have left Arizona with a contemptible opinion of the Territory and a very exalted one of themselves, and after their arrival among the hives of people in California or older States, they find themselves a mere cypher spread out very thin at that. So much for this class of ex-citizens and kindred growlers.

The New Mexican exhibits a trait in its item entirely too common with the journalistic fraternity. Failing to note some local evidence of prosperity, the record of which would do the place credit, ye local journalist too often keeps an eye out for a discontented mortal who has recently abandoned some other locality and just arrived in his, and easily finding one, the usual item, such as we quote from the New Mexican, follows with such bombastic comment as eminently befits that style of journalism.

Now, if we were disposed to imitate such folly, we could at this moment give names of men just arrived from Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, who declare that Arizona displays much greater business opportunities and activity than either of those political divisions; and this, too, right in face of the accustomed complaint of many of our oldest residents that unusual dullness prevails here. Far be it from us, however, to dispute Mr. George Grubb's right to "think New Mexico and especially this city (Santa Fe), lets out anything he has seen in the west," or the New Mexican's privilege to print what George thinks. The thoughts of the one or acts of the other will neither make them sensible nor Arizona worse or New Mexico better.

## Indian and Military News.

Our correspondent at Prescott writes in substance as follows:

June 20, a general court-martial was convened at Fort Whipple. Detail for the court: Major J. H. Nelson, Capt. A. H. Nickerson, First Lieutenants G. A. Goodale and L. Hammond and Second Lieutenants W. J. Ross, O. L. Wieting and John G. Bourke—latter Judge Advocate.

The Indian chief, Iamaspie with sixty-six of the Indians who left Date Creek, arrived back at that post on June 18, under charge of Lt. Thomas, Fifth Cavalry. An equal number, aged and infirm ones, is expected there on the 20th. Many have already returned to the Verde reservation as ordered by Gen. Crook and but eight now remain at the Colorado reservation where they wish to live. Superintendent Tonner is co-operating with the military in this matter.

We have heretofore referred to Lt. Babcock's fight wherein he killed a lot of Apaches and took some prisoners. Our correspondent says this fight occurred June 16, at the headwaters of Tonto Creek; that the killed numbered seventeen and prisoners, six. This officer has heretofore done effective work of this kind and received the commendation of Gen. Crook.

Gen. Crook returned to Prescott June 25, after an absence of fifteen days, in which he visited San Carlos, White Mountain and Verde reservations. At San Carlos he had Concepcion, the Apache interpreter, placed in irons, for being accessory before the fact to the murder of the gallant Lt. Almy.

June 26, First Lieutenant W. F. Rice, was assigned to duty in command of the Indian Scouts at the San Carlos Indian Reservation; and Second Lieutenant George B. McDermott, was relieved from his present duties, and ordered to report without delay, for duty, to the commanding officer Fort Yuma.

## Purchase of Mexican States.

Recently there has been much newspaper talk about the purchase of certain Mexican Territory. Here is a brief dispatch referring thereto:

WASHINGTON, June 28.—It is said that a company has been organized, composed of American citizens, who propose to purchase from the Government of Mexico two or three Mexican States, with the view of developing the mineral resources of the Territory thus acquired. The States which it is alleged the company have in view are Chihuahua, Sonora and Tamaulipas.

Arizona is much interested in any movement of this kind, as Sonora forms our entire southern border, and Chihuahua the national boundary next eastward. We think the dispatch sensational, but as the press generally has much to say of it, THE CITIZEN may be excused for "chipping" in, and perhaps showing it to be groundless.

First: The purchase of three large States of any country by private parties, is a transaction of considerable proportions. Sonora is 79,320 square miles in extent with a population of 109,338; Chihuahua is 87,120 square miles in extent and contains a population of 179,981; and Tamaulipas covers an area of 29,271 square miles and has a population of 108,778. So that the proposed purchase would amount to 195,711 square miles of territory with a population of 398,097. It is just possible that a company of American citizens is formed for the purchase of empires and kingdoms and fragments of unstable republics, but we have a right to doubt the existence of such a corporation.

Second: The States of Nuevo Leon and Coahuila have an area of 72,238 square miles and a population of 272,397, and they lie between Chihuahua and Tamaulipas—two of the States embraced within the proposed purchase. Any one who will examine the map of Mexico, can see that a company of American citizens would hardly purchase real estate and people geographically situated as those under consideration, even if they possessed the presumption that they could make the transaction one of profit to themselves or to any body but those who would receive the purchase money. This proposition to buy land and people on such a grand scale, is one likely to originate in the office of a "leading newspaper" but not in the rooms of a company composed of shrewd American citizens.

## Camp Apache Indians.

Our advices from these wards are up to June 30. A few days prior, the Indian soldier wounded in Lt. Babcock's battle on Tonto Creek, died, whereupon the deceased warrior's friends threatened to kill all the Pinals on the reserve. Then Delechay and his band of twenty-four warriors absconded into the mountains and had not returned; but if not back on the 1st July, Major Randall would send a scout after them. In all other respects, the Indians were quiet.

Eight horses, stolen some time since on the San Pedro, were captured by Major Randall on the reserve. We presume they are the same ones referred to by Agent Roberts in his letter to Judge Hughes and which was published in THE CITIZEN, June 28.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS CEASED to have any connection with the working of the Enterprise or Mowry mine. June 19, 1873. W. P. HALL.

### Notice.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT TWO Promissory notes drawn July 3d, for \$75 each, one payable one month from date and the other note two months after date, by B. Stephenson and Holt, payable to my order, have been lost. All parties are notified not to purchase or negotiate the same as payment has been stopped thereon. July 7, 1873. A. G. SCOTT.

## Notice to all Physicians.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED on Monday the 14th day of July, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the office of the Board of Supervisors, for the Medical Attendance on all indigent sick of the County and County Prisoners, including Medicines, at so much per month. Contract to be for one year, to commence from the 1st August, 1873.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing Hospital accommodations for the County Sick ordered to be sent to Hospital. Accommodations to consist of Board, Lodging, Washing, Fuel, Water, Nurses, etc. The boarding to be such as ordered by the County Physician. Bids to state for so much per month for each patient. Contract for One Year from 1st August, 1873. Bonds to be given for the faithful performance of the same. By order of the Board.

A. BRICHTA, Clerk Board Supervisors, Pima county July 12—11.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

WE take this method of respectfully announcing to our friends and the citizens of Arizona in general, that we have just received, and are now opening

## NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK

From Eastern Markets,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE

GLASSWARE,

LIQUORS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

and PROVISIONS.

—Also a full stock of—

LEATHER,

HARNESS, SADDLES,

BRIDLES, CHAINS, COLLARS

WHIPS, CARRIAGE

AXLES AND

BOXING,

MULE AND HORSE SHOES,

—And in fact everything—

—required for—

OUTFITTING FREIGHTERS.

CHEAP IF NOT CHEAPER

than any other House in the Territory We are therefore certain that as to quality and adaptability to the wants of the community our stock is unsurpassed.

For these reasons we respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage, feeling assured that our goods and prices cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

TULLY, OCHOA & CO.

FINE IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS and best Brands of Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos to be had at J. S. MANSFELD'S Pioneer Cigar Store.

E. N. FISH } { S. SILVERBERG,  
Tucson, A. T. } San Francisco.

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NEW GOODS. CHEAP GOODS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

TUCSON, A. T.,

Are constantly receiving large and complete assortments of goods, consisting of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

DRY GOODS,  
CLOTHING,  
HATS and CAPS,  
BOOTS and SHOES,

FANCY GOODS and  
STATIONERY,  
QUEENSWARE,  
HARDWARE and

CUTLERY,  
LEATHER,  
HARNESS,  
FARMING TOOLS and  
GRAIN SACKS,;

And the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS,  
AND CIGARS.

All of which we offer at unprecedentedly

LOW PRICES

FOR CASH.

Give us a call and be convinced that our goods are of the best quality, and as cheap as can be bought of any house in the Territory.

PINE LUMBER and SHINGLES for sale.

BARLEY and CORN,

In any quantity, at lowest possible rates

Established in 1865.

NICH. RICHARD, } { WM. RICHARD,  
San Francisco. } Sanford, A. T.

W. RICHARD & CO.,

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Pima County, Arizona Territory,

DEALERS IN GENERAL

MERCHANDISE,

And keep always on hand

A Complete Stock of Every Article Required by Merchants, Farmers, Hotels, Saloons, Station-keepers, Miners, Mechanics and Families.

Our Goods are Selected Especially for the Trade of Arizona.

All of which we will sell cheap for cash or exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY,

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Also Proprietors of the

PIONEER FLOURING MILLS,

SANFORD, PIMA COUNTY, A. T.

We Manufacture the finest and best quality of Flour in the Territory, which we will supply to the trade and citizens at LOWEST CASH PRICE in 100 lb. and 50 lb. sacks. Quality guaranteed. Liberal allowance to the trade.

Orders solicited for

FLOUR, CORNMEAL,

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